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Special Note

Data collection is currently underway for NASS’ annual December surveys on crops and livestock. During the first two weeks of December, NASS will survey approximately 75,000 United States producers. One of USDA’s largest survey efforts, the responses will provide the final information about 2025 U.S. row crops focusing on harvested acreage, production, and storage. In addition, hog producers will be asked about their current inventory, pig crop, and farrowing intentions for the next six months. The results will be available beginning with the *Hogs and Pigs* report on December 23, followed by the *Annual Crop Production Summary* and other reports on January 12. **Farmers should watch for their survey and be sure to respond. Your information matters!**

Today’s publication is the last weekly Crop Progress report issued for the 2025 season. The first weekly report for 2026 will be released in early April 2026.

Corn Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 94% of the 2024 corn acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	94	91	95	96
Illinois	99	98	99	98
Indiana	99	93	97	95
Iowa	98	97	99	98
Kansas	100	92	95	99
Kentucky	100	95	99	98
Michigan	97	82	92	88
Minnesota	100	96	99	99
Missouri	98	92	96	97
Nebraska	100	74	92	98
North Carolina	100	95	98	100
North Dakota	97	80	89	96
Ohio	100	93	98	90
Pennsylvania	87	80	89	85
South Dakota	100	90	93	98
Tennessee	99	95	99	100
Texas	100	95	98	100
Wisconsin	97	86	90	89
18 States	100	91	96	97

Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 98% of the 2024 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	88	76	85	86
Arizona	77	56	63	69
Arkansas	100	98	99	99
California	93	80	90	89
Georgia	76	70	80	75
Kansas	70	30	52	68
Louisiana	100	98	100	100
Mississippi	99	96	98	97
Missouri	97	92	98	96
North Carolina	80	64	80	82
Oklahoma	64	72	86	74
South Carolina	82	60	71	75
Tennessee	94	90	92	92
Texas	79	60	70	74
Virginia	90	76	81	77
15 States	83	71	79	80

Sorghum Harvested – Selected States

[These 6 States harvested 100% of the 2024 sorghum acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	97	87	98	97
Kansas	96	77	88	95
Nebraska	94	58	87	97
Oklahoma	92	81	84	94
South Dakota	99	84	91	97
Texas	100	95	98	100
6 States	98	82	91	97

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 95% of the 2024 peanut acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	93	84	91	96
Florida	100	91	96	99
Georgia	91	90	96	94
North Carolina	94	92	97	95
Oklahoma	94	90	95	95
South Carolina	98	93	99	93
Texas	87	73	80	83
Virginia	100	98	99	99
8 States	92	88	94	94

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 87% of the 2024 sunflower acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	98	95	98	97
Kansas	93	74	80	94
North Dakota	90	80	89	90
South Dakota	93	75	82	91
4 States	92	78	86	91

Winter Wheat Planted – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 90% of the 2024 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	94	86	95	94
California	69	50	60	67
Colorado	99	99	100	100
Idaho	100	100	100	100
Illinois	99	93	98	97
Indiana	98	92	94	99
Kansas	100	95	100	100
Michigan	100	99	100	99
Missouri	95	82	91	95
Montana	100	99	100	100
Nebraska	100	78	99	100
North Carolina	72	77	81	81
Ohio	100	98	99	99
Oklahoma	94	92	97	96
Oregon	100	100	100	100
South Dakota	100	100	100	100
Texas	92	86	93	93
Washington	100	100	100	100
18 States	97	92	97	97

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 90% of the 2024 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2020-2024 Average
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	82	67	82	82
California	44	25	35	44
Colorado	98	95	96	96
Idaho	98	95	98	97
Illinois	92	73	87	88
Indiana	87	64	77	88
Kansas	95	85	90	91
Michigan	99	96	99	95
Missouri	81	56	69	84
Montana	94	80	91	94
Nebraska	94	75	93	98
North Carolina	50	61	63	61
Ohio	97	90	97	96
Oklahoma	79	71	85	89
Oregon	91	88	95	82
South Dakota	86	90	92	94
Texas	77	70	78	78
Washington	100	97	98	98
18 States	88	79	87	89

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 23, 2025

[These 18 States planted 90% of the 2024 winter wheat acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	1	5	45	43	6
California	-	-	5	35	60
Colorado	5	9	17	57	12
Idaho	-	-	48	47	5
Illinois	7	7	30	45	11
Indiana	2	4	24	57	13
Kansas	1	5	32	53	9
Michigan	-	5	36	47	12
Missouri	-	3	39	55	3
Montana	1	28	61	9	1
Nebraska	3	10	33	47	7
North Carolina	1	5	24	61	9
Ohio	2	4	32	50	12
Oklahoma	5	19	36	31	9
Oregon	5	6	38	40	11
South Dakota	3	13	41	39	4
Texas	10	26	38	21	5
Washington	2	13	35	41	9
18 States	4	13	35	40	8
Previous week	6	13	36	37	8
Previous year	3	9	33	47	8

- Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Week ending		
	November 23, 2024	November 16, 2025	November 23, 2025
	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)
Alabama	5.3	6.6	6.1
Arizona	7.0	7.0	5.5
Arkansas	5.1	6.8	4.1
California	6.4	6.5	6.5
Colorado	4.9	6.8	5.1
Connecticut	6.0	5.0	5.0
Delaware	5.0	6.5	3.5
Florida	6.5	6.7	6.9
Georgia	5.2	6.4	6.6
Idaho	3.3	4.6	4.8
Illinois	4.6	6.4	4.2
Indiana	3.5	5.6	4.2
Iowa	4.3	6.4	5.2
Kansas	3.3	6.9	5.0
Kentucky	4.0	5.5	3.4
Louisiana	3.4	6.9	6.6
Maine	6.5	5.0	5.5
Maryland	5.0	6.0	6.0
Massachusetts	5.5	5.0	5.0
Michigan	3.6	5.3	5.6
Minnesota	4.0	6.4	6.2
Mississippi	5.0	6.7	5.9
Missouri	4.3	6.7	4.3
Montana	4.8	6.5	7.0
Nebraska	5.3	6.8	5.7
Nevada	7.0	6.4	4.4
New Hampshire	5.0	5.5	5.0
New Jersey	5.5	6.5	6.0
New Mexico	6.4	7.0	6.1
New York	4.0	3.0	4.0
North Carolina	5.4	6.7	5.6
North Dakota	3.6	6.1	6.2
Ohio	3.1	4.4	4.5
Oklahoma	4.6	6.8	5.3
Oregon	4.4	4.3	5.2
Pennsylvania	5.5	6.0	5.5
Rhode Island	5.5	5.0	5.0
South Carolina	5.5	6.8	6.7
South Dakota	5.4	6.6	6.4
Tennessee	5.3	6.0	3.7
Texas	5.2	6.3	5.6
Utah	5.3	6.9	6.4
Vermont	4.0	1.0	1.0
Virginia	5.9	6.7	6.2
Washington	3.0	3.9	5.5
West Virginia	3.8	5.7	4.3
Wisconsin	3.9	6.5	5.9
Wyoming	6.5	6.9	6.5

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 23, 2025

[National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	26	33	39	2
Arizona	10	6	68	16
Arkansas	8	21	59	12
California	-	5	90	5
Colorado	12	32	55	1
Connecticut	-	-	100	-
Delaware	4	19	73	4
Florida	23	33	44	-
Georgia	41	42	17	-
Idaho	6	25	68	1
Illinois	20	35	42	3
Indiana	18	28	50	4
Iowa	4	27	67	2
Kansas	3	15	74	8
Kentucky	3	6	72	19
Louisiana	40	42	18	-
Maine	55	43	2	-
Maryland	23	41	36	-
Massachusetts	-	-	100	-
Michigan	4	36	55	5
Minnesota	3	19	74	4
Mississippi	14	38	44	4
Missouri	7	29	60	4
Montana	21	45	33	1
Nebraska	13	34	52	1
Nevada	30	20	35	15
New Hampshire	-	-	100	-
New Jersey	3	37	60	-
New Mexico	20	59	21	-
New York	7	9	73	11
North Carolina	6	40	54	-
North Dakota	1	11	79	9
Ohio	7	28	61	4
Oklahoma	11	39	46	4
Oregon	10	26	60	4
Pennsylvania	10	21	68	1
Rhode Island	-	-	100	-
South Carolina	31	43	26	-
South Dakota	10	23	62	5
Tennessee	2	13	73	12
Texas	25	36	32	7
Utah	8	25	67	-
Vermont	-	-	100	-
Virginia	22	38	40	-
Washington	5	35	56	4
West Virginia	38	34	28	-
Wisconsin	11	33	56	-
Wyoming	32	31	35	2
48 States	11	27	57	5
Previous week	15	29	53	3
Previous year	11	24	58	7

- Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 23, 2025

[National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short	Short	Adequate	Surplus
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	17	39	41	3
Arizona	9	5	67	19
Arkansas	6	25	58	11
California	-	15	80	5
Colorado	20	24	55	1
Connecticut	-	-	100	-
Delaware	7	37	54	2
Florida	20	30	49	1
Georgia	41	43	16	-
Idaho	11	37	51	1
Illinois	27	35	36	2
Indiana	19	34	44	3
Iowa	4	27	66	3
Kansas	4	18	74	4
Kentucky	6	7	75	12
Louisiana	17	63	20	-
Maine	48	42	10	-
Maryland	9	60	31	-
Massachusetts	-	-	100	-
Michigan	19	32	49	-
Minnesota	3	16	77	4
Mississippi	14	32	53	1
Missouri	13	34	51	2
Montana	33	42	24	1
Nebraska	10	37	51	2
Nevada	30	35	30	5
New Hampshire	-	-	100	-
New Jersey	4	49	47	-
New Mexico	30	55	15	-
New York	-	10	85	5
North Carolina	5	27	68	-
North Dakota	1	11	80	8
Ohio	9	37	51	3
Oklahoma	15	38	45	2
Oregon	23	33	42	2
Pennsylvania	9	33	58	-
Rhode Island	-	-	100	-
South Carolina	22	54	24	-
South Dakota	10	23	64	3
Tennessee	3	23	68	6
Texas	28	41	28	3
Utah	-	34	66	-
Vermont	-	-	100	-
Virginia	18	40	42	-
Washington	12	37	49	2
West Virginia	35	32	33	-
Wisconsin	10	29	60	1
Wyoming	38	34	28	-
48 States	13	29	55	3
Previous week	14	31	52	3
Previous year	14	32	50	4

- Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Today's publication is the last weekly Crop Progress report issued for the 2025 season. The first weekly report for 2026 will be released in early April 2026.

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 3,600 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2020 season, over 95 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Field Offices summarize the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates. National crop planting progress, progress of development stages, and condition estimates are weighted using the program State's average planted acres over the previous three crop years. National crop harvest progress estimates are weighted using the program State's average harvested acres over the previous three crop years. Pasture and range condition is weighted using pasture acreage and/or livestock inventories from the most recent Census of Agriculture. Days suitable for fieldwork, topsoil moisture and subsoil moisture are weighted using cropland acreage from the Census of Agriculture.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov

Anthony Prillaman, Acting Chief, Crops Branch.....	(202) 720-2127
Chris Hawthorn, Head, Field Crops Section	(202) 720-2127
Joshua Bates – Asparagus, Hemp, Maple Syrup, Soybeans.....	(202) 690-3234
Natasha Bruton – Cotton System Consumption and Stocks, Grain Crushings, Fats and Oils, Flour Milling Products, Broccoli, Cauliflower, Plums, Prunes.....	(202) 690-1042
Noemi Guindin – Crop Progress and Condition, Kiwifruit.....	(202) 720-2127
Michelle Harder – Hay, Kale, Peanuts, Raspberries	(202) 690-8533
Deonne Holiday – Almonds, Carrots, Coffee, Cranberries, Garlic, Onions Proso Millet, Rye, Tobacco.....	(202) 720-4288
Bret Holliman – Apricots, Barley, Chickpeas, Nectarines, Peaches, Snap Beans, Tomatoes	(202) 720-7235
James Johanson – Dry Edible Beans, Lettuce, Macadamias, Wheat	(202) 720-8068
Greg Lemmons – Beets, Corn, Flaxseed, Pears, Rice, Sweet Corn	(202) 720-9526
Krishna Rizal – Artichokes, Celery, Grapefruit, Lemons, Mandarins and tangerines, Mint, Mushrooms, Olives, Oranges, Pistachios	(202) 720-5412
Chris Singh – Apples, Cucumbers, Hazelnuts, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Squash, Sugarbeets, Sugarcane, Sweet Potatoes	(202) 720-4285
Becky Sommer – Cabbage, Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum, Walnuts, Strawberries.....	(202) 720-5944
Travis Thorson – Blueberries, Canola, Mustard Seed, Rapeseed, Safflower, Spinach, Sunflower	(202) 720-7369
Antonio Torres – Cantaloupes, Dry Edible Peas, Grapes, Green Peas, Honeydews, Lentils, Oats, Sweet Cherries, Tart Cherries, Watermelons	(202) 720-2157
Chris Wallace – Avocados, Bell Peppers, Chile Peppers, Dates, Floriculture, Hops, Papayas, Pecans	(202) 720-4215

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- Economics, Statistics, and Market Information (ESMIS) – National Agricultural Library (NAL) website houses NASS’s and other agency archived reports at <https://esmis.nal.usda.gov>. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from <https://esmis.nal.usda.gov>. To receive the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the website, create a new account and subscribe to the reports. You should whitelist notifications@esmis.nal.usda.gov in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

If you have specific questions you would like an expert to respond to, please visit our “Ask A Specialist” website at www.nass.usda.gov/Contact_Us/Ask_a_Specialist.

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